

## TDA 1037 AF Power Amplifier IC with Thermal Shutdown

AF power amplifier designed for a wide range of supply voltages to enable versatile application in entertainment electronics. The amplifier operates in the push-pull B mode and is available in the SIP 9 package. The integrated shutdown protects the IC from overheating.

### Features

- Wide supply voltage range: 4 V to 28 V
- High output power up to 8 W
- Large output current up to 2.5 A
- Simple mounting

### Maximum ratings

Supply voltage	$R_L \geq 16 \Omega$	$V_S$	30	V
	$R_L \geq 8 \Omega$	$V_S$	24	V
	$R_L \geq 4 \Omega$	$V_S$	20	V
Output peak current (not repetitive)		$I_{q1}$	3.5	A
Output current (repetitive)		$I_{q1}$	2.5	A
Junction temperature <sup>1)</sup>		$T_j$	150	°C
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	-40 to 125	°C
Thermal resistance				
junction-case		$R_{thJC}$	12	K/W
system-air		$R_{thSA}$	70	K/W

### Operating range

Supply voltage		$V_S$	4 to 28	V
Ambient temperature		$T_A$	-25 to 85	°C

<sup>1)</sup> May not be exceeded even as instantaneous value.

**Characteristics**

with reference to test circuit

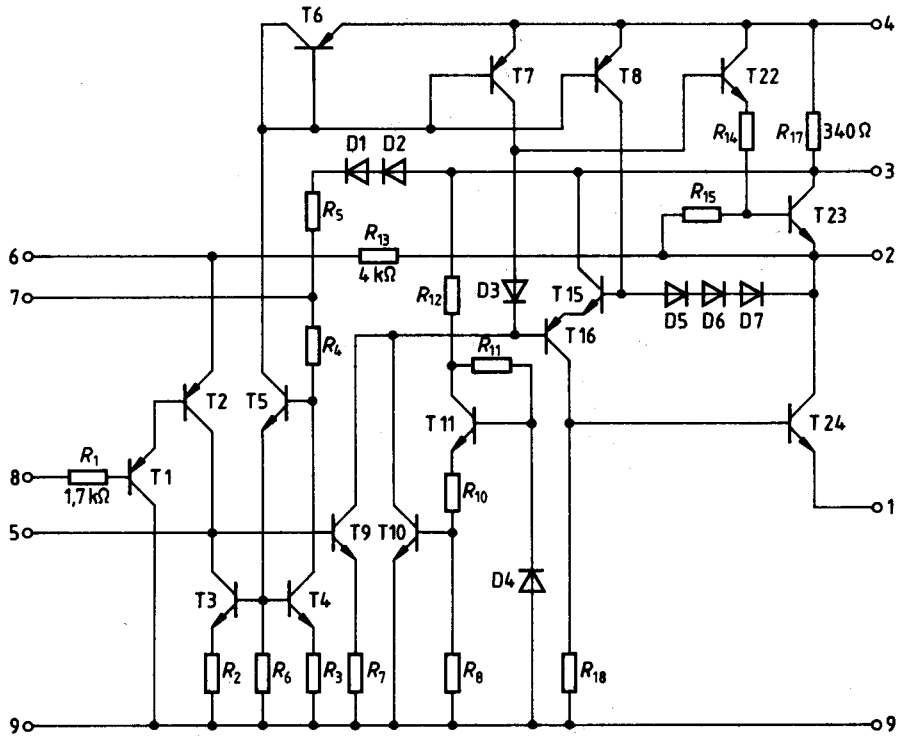
1.  $V_S = 12\text{ V}$ ;  $R_L = 4\ \Omega$ ;  $C_1 = 1000\ \mu\text{F}$ ;  $f_i = 1\ \text{kHz}$ ;  $T_A = 25\ ^\circ\text{C}$ 

		min	typ	max	
Quiescent output voltage	$V_{q2}$	5.4	6.0	6.6	V
Quiescent drain current	$I_3 + I_4$		12	20	mA
Input DC current	$I_{i8}$		0.4	4	$\mu\text{A}$
Output power $THD = 1\%$	$P_q$	2.5	3.5		W
$THD = 10\%$	$P_q$	3.5	4.5		W
Voltage gain (closed loop)	$G_V$	37	40	43	dB
Voltage gain (open loop)	$G_{V0}$		80		dB
Total harmonic distortion ( $P_q = 0.05$ to $2.5\ \text{W}$ )	$THD$		0.2		%
Noise voltage referred to input ( $f_i = 3\ \text{Hz}$ to $20\ \text{kHz}$ )	$V_n$		3.8	10	$\mu\text{V}_S$
Disturbance voltage in acc. with DIN 45405 referred to input	$V_d$		2.5		$\mu\text{V}$
Hum suppression ( $f_{hum} = 100\ \text{Hz}$ )	$a_{hum}$		48		dB
Frequency range ( $-3\ \text{dB}$ )					
$C_4 = 560\ \text{pF}$	$f$	40		20,000	Hz
$C_4 = 1000\ \text{pF}$	$f$	40		10,000	Hz
Input resistance	$R_{i8}$	1	5		M $\Omega$

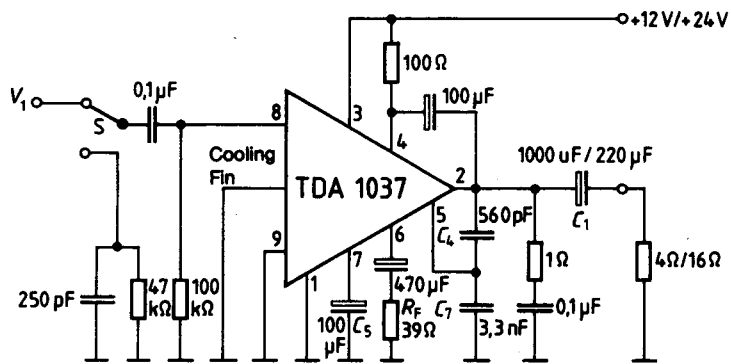
2.  $V_S = 24\ \text{V}$ ;  $R_L = 16\ \Omega$ ;  $C_1 = 220\ \mu\text{F}$ ;  $f_i = 1\ \text{kHz}$ ;  $T_A = 25\ ^\circ\text{C}$ 

Quiescent output voltage	$V_{q2}$	11	12	13	V
Quiescent drain current	$I_3 + I_4$		18	30	mA
Input DC current	$I_{i8}$		0.8	8	$\mu\text{A}$
Output power $THD = 1\%$	$P_q$		3.5		W
$THD = 10\%$	$P_q$	4.5	5.0		W
Voltage gain (closed loop)	$G_V$	37	40	43	dB
Voltage gain (open loop)	$G_{V0}$		80		dB
Total harmonic distortion ( $P_q = 0.05$ to $3\ \text{W}$ )	$THD$		0.2	0.5	%
Noise voltage with reference to input $f_i = 3\ \text{Hz}$ to $20\ \text{kHz}$	$V_n$		5	15	$\mu\text{V}_S$
Disturbance voltage in acc. with DIN 45405 referred to input	$V_d$		3.8		$\mu\text{V}$
Hum suppression ( $f_{hum} = 100\ \text{Hz}$ )	$a_{hum}$		40		dB
Frequency range ( $-3\ \text{dB}$ )					
$C_4 = 560\ \text{pF}$	$f$	40		20,000	Hz
$C_4 = 1000\ \text{pF}$	$f$	40		10,000	Hz
Input resistance	$R_{i8}$	1	5		M $\Omega$

Circuit diagram

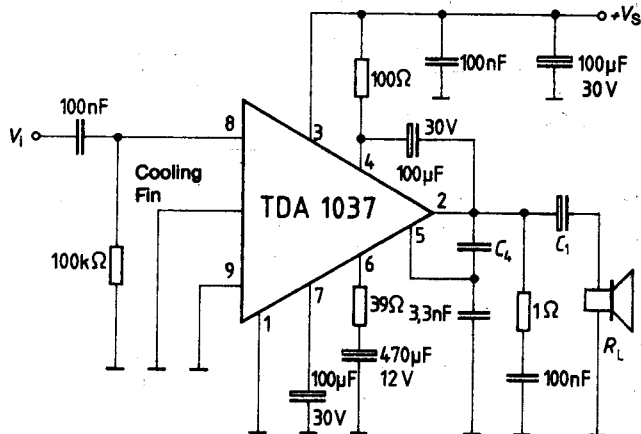


Measurement circuit



S Closed for Noise Measurement

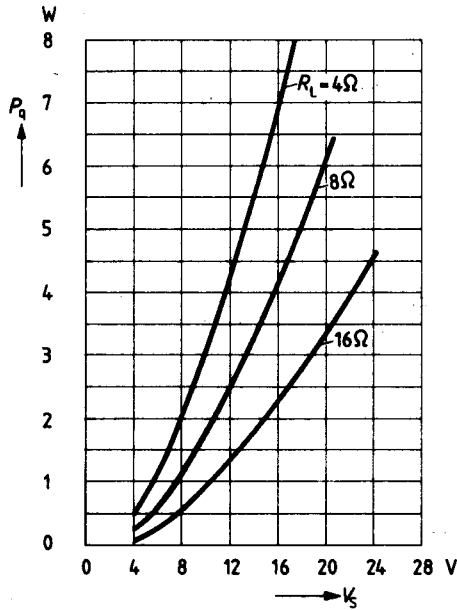
Application circuit



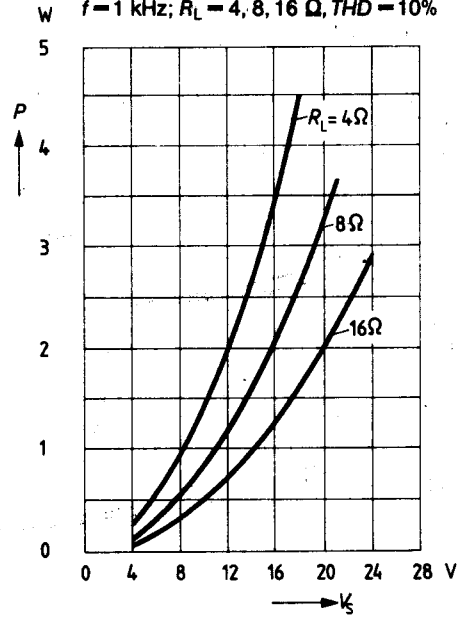
$V_S$	12 V	18 V	24 V
$R_L$	4 $\Omega$	8 $\Omega$	16 $\Omega$
$C_1$	1000 $\mu\text{F}$	470 $\mu\text{F}$	220 $\mu\text{F}$

$f_{\text{max}}$	10 kHz	20 kHz
$C_4$	1000 pF	560 pF

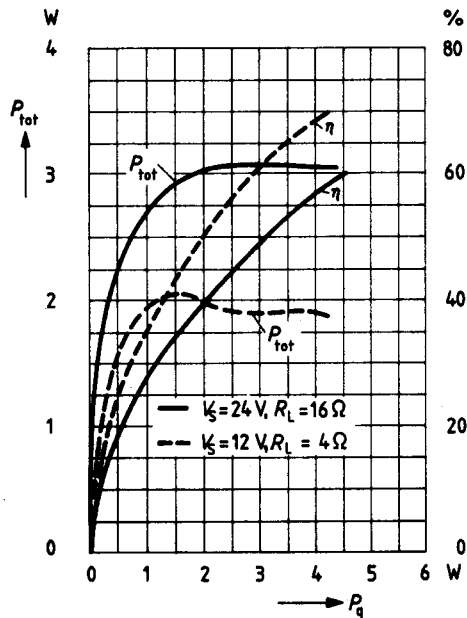
**Output power versus supply voltage**  
 THD = 10%;  $R_L = 4, 8, 16 \Omega$ ;  $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$



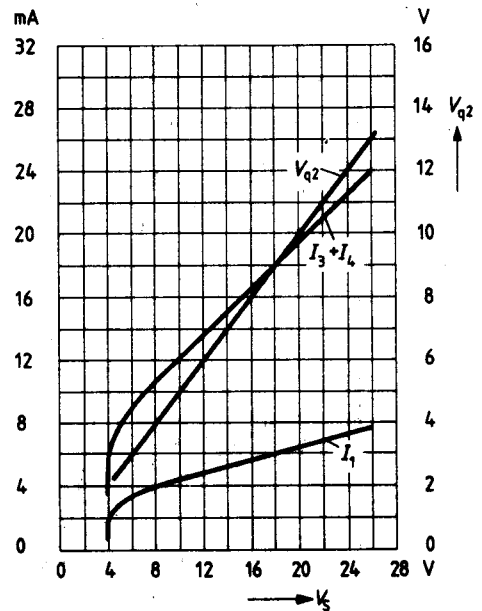
**Max. power dissipation versus supply voltage at sine-shaped driving**  
 $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ ;  $R_L = 4, 8, 16 \Omega$ , THD = 10%



**Total power dissipation and efficiency versus output power**  
 THD = 10%;  $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$



**Quiescent drain current, quiescent current of output transistors, quiescent output voltage versus supply voltage**

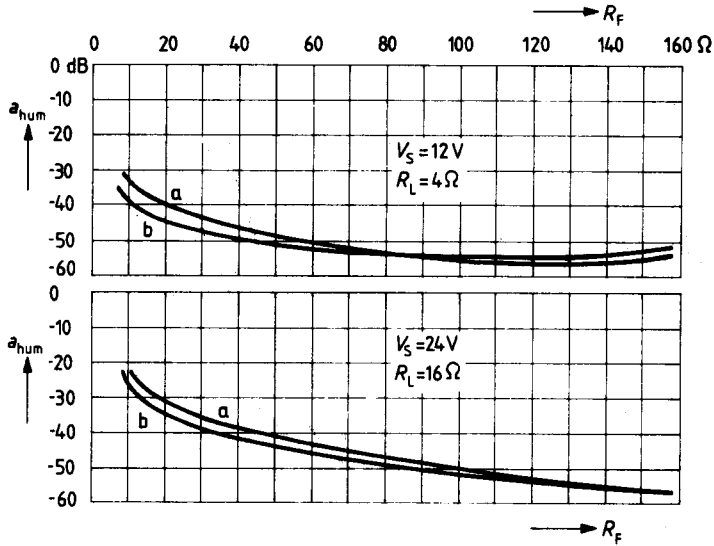


**Hum suppression versus feedback resistance**

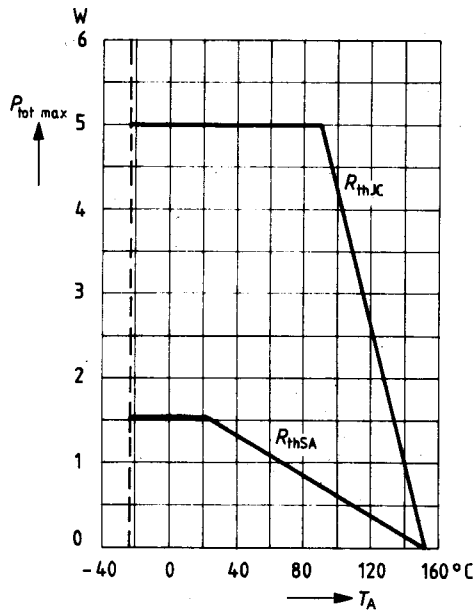
$f_{\text{hum}} = 100 \text{ Hz}; C_S = 100 \text{ } \mu\text{F}$

a: input short-circuited

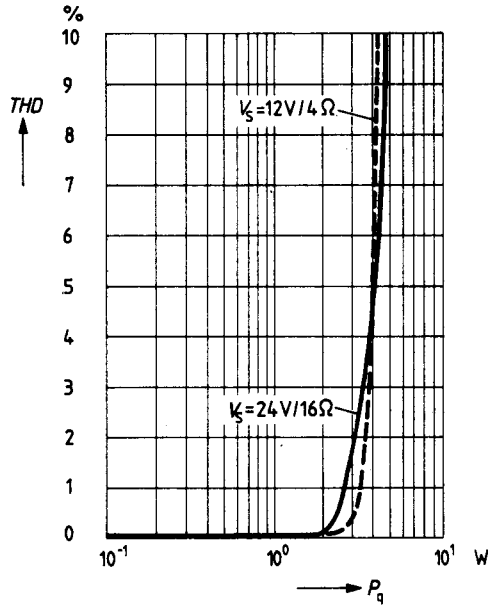
b: input open



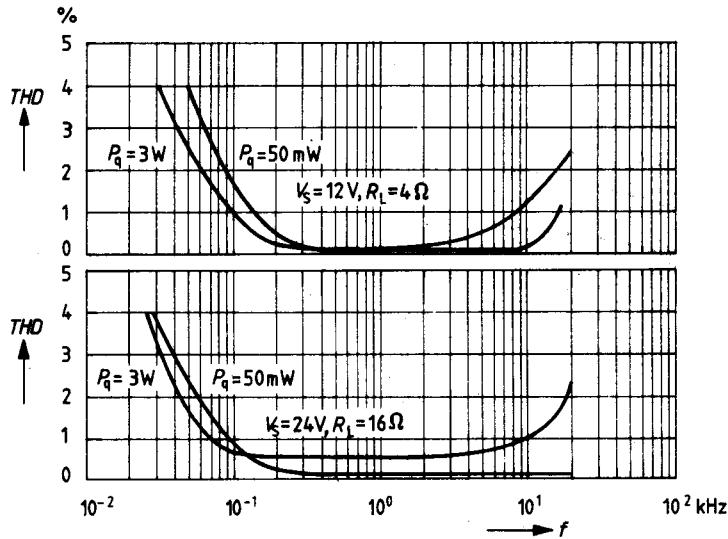
**Max. total power dissipation versus ambient temperature**



**Total harmonic distortion  
versus output power**  
 $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$

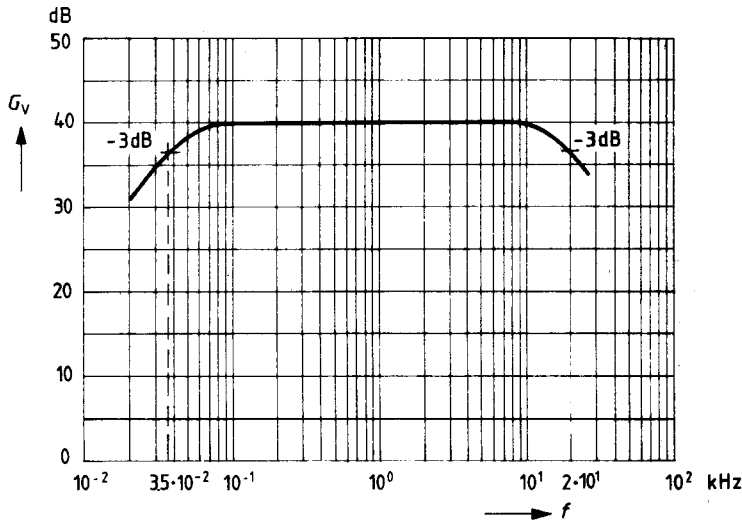


**Total harmonic distortion versus frequency**



**Voltage gain versus frequency**

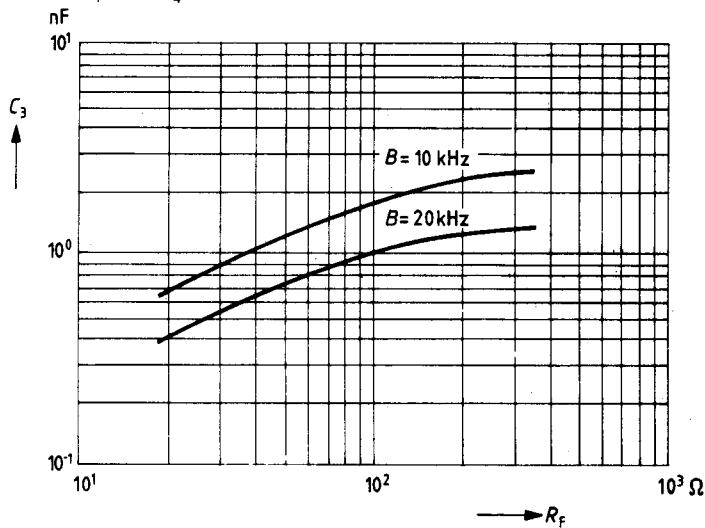
$V_S = 12\text{ V}; R_L = 4\ \Omega$



**Bandwidth  $C_3$  versus feedback resistance**

$V_S = 12\text{ V}; R_L = 4\ \Omega, G_V = 40\text{ dB}$

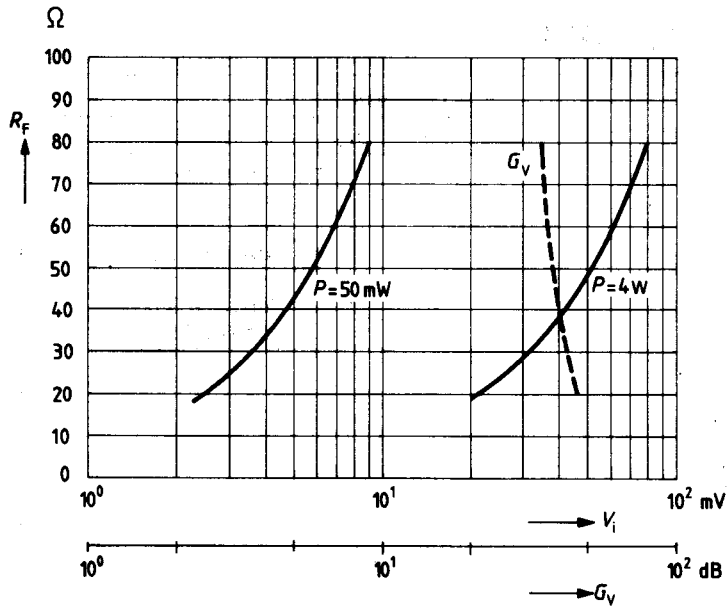
$C_1 = 5 \cdot C_4$





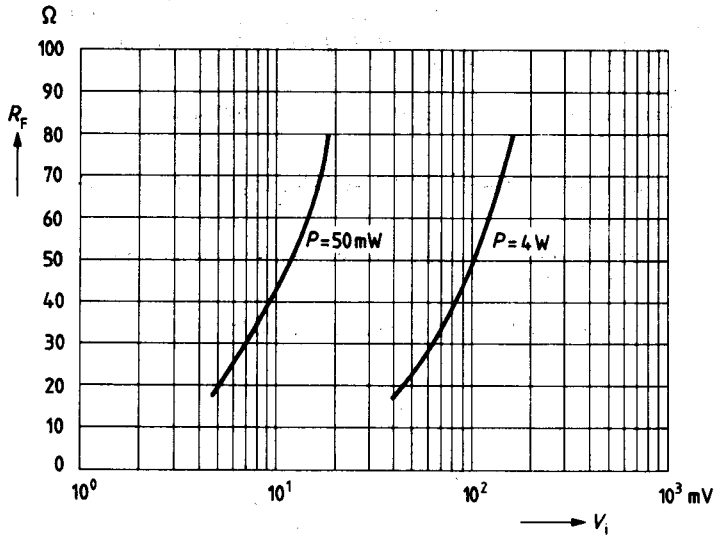
**Output power and voltage gain versus feedback resistance and input voltage**

$V_S = 12\text{ V}; R_L = 4\ \Omega; f = 1\text{ kHz}$



**Output power versus feedback resistance and input voltage**

$V_S = 24\text{ V}; R_L = 16\ \Omega; f = 1\text{ kHz}$



This datasheet has been downloaded from:

[www.DatasheetCatalog.com](http://www.DatasheetCatalog.com)

Datasheets for electronic components.